

## Early Years Foundation Stage Progression of Knowledge and Skills: Term-by-term expectations

All learning in all subjects begins in Reception. In Reception, we follow the Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage (2021). This framework states that the Early Years Curriculum is split into 7 areas of learning. The areas are as follows:

## Three prime areas of learning:

- Communication and Language (listening, attention and understanding and speaking)
- Physical development (gross and fine motor skills)
- Personal, social and emotional development (being able to self-regulate impulses, manage their self and build relationships with others)

## Four specific areas of learning

- Literacy (the development of comprehension skills, early reading and early writing)
- Maths (the development of early number and understanding numerical patterns)
- Understanding the world (which includes early geography, history, science and RE)
- Expressive arts and design (which includes music, dance and art)

## Within Early Years at Turton and Edgworth Primary School we aim to:

- Provide a secure and caring environment
- Ensure every child can fulfil his/her academic, creative, physical and personal potential
- give each child a happy, positive and enjoyable start to their school life
- establish solid foundations and foster a deep love of learning
- offer a broad and rich curriculum
- support children to build relationships through the development of social skills such as cooperation and sharing

	Baseline	End of autumn	End of spring term	End of summer 1	End of summer
		term			term
					ELG
C&L Listening, Attention and Understanding	Listen with interest and recall when being read to during small groups. Join in with repeated refrains. Is able to follow directions.	Listen attentively and respond to what they hear by responding with comments and actions when being read to during small group interactions.  Make comments about what they have heard when looking at pictures.  Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth	Listen attentively and respond to what they hear by answering relevant questions, responding with comments and actions when being read to during small group interactions.  Make comments about what they have heard when asked questions to clarify their understanding.	Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to during small group interactions. Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. Hold conversation	Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.  Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. Hold
		exchanges with their teacher.	Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.	when engaged in back- and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.	conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.
C&L	Uses vocabulary that	Participate in small	Participate in small	Participate in small	Participate in small
Speaking	reflects the breadth	groups, using	groups, using recently	group and one-to-one	group, class and one-
	of their experiences.	vocabulary focussed	introduced vocabulary.	discussions, using	to-one discussions,
	Uses talk in	on objects and people	Offer explanations for	recently introduced	offering their own
	pretending that		why things have	vocabulary. <b>Offer</b>	ideas, using recently

DCED	objects stand for something else in play e.g. "This box is my castle". Use sentences of four to six words. Answer simple why questions?	that are of particular importance to them. Comments on things that they have observed. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, most of the time, including the use of past tense with modelling and support from their teacher. Use props and puppets to retell a story.	happened, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences consistently using full sentences, including use of past and present tense with modelling and support from their teacher. Beginning to use connectives (and, because). Retell stories in roleplay.	explanations for why things might happen or to solve a problem, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.  Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of simple conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher. Retell stories using their own words (some exact repetition).	introduced vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non- fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of simple conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.
PSED Self-Regulation	Communicate how they are feeling, demonstrating this by selecting a simple pictorial emotion.	Show an understanding of their own feelings. Work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want. Give focused	Show an understanding of their own feelings, and begin to regulate their behaviour.  Work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and	Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and	Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.

		attention to what the teacher says, beginning to respond appropriately, showing an ability to follow instructions involving ideas or actions.	are beginning to control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, beginning to respond appropriately when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving ideas or actions.	work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving ideas or actions.	Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving ideas or actions.
PSED Managing Self	Is outgoing towards unfamiliar people and confident in new social situations. Select and use resources and activities with support.	Be confident to try new activities and show independence. Can explain the rules of the classroom, knowing right from wrong. Puts on own clothing such as coat, cardigan, gloves etc. Usually dry and clean throughout the day. Can talk about and categorise the	Be confident to try new activities and show independence and resilience.  Explain the reasons for rules, knowing right from wrong.  Zips own coat.  Can name some of the food groups.  Can talk about the different exercises they do. Knows to wash hands before	Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Fasten and unfasten buttons. Can talk about the good practices they	Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing,
		Puts on own clothing such as coat, cardigan, gloves etc. Usually dry and clean throughout the day.	Zips own coat. Can name some of the food groups. Can talk about the different exercises	from wrong and try to behave accordingly.  Fasten and unfasten buttons.  Can talk about the	for rule from wr behave Manage basic hy persona

		different food they eat. Joins in with physical education. Washes hands effectively.		Can talk about the foods which you should have more or less of. Can explain the importance of exercise, sleeping, hygiene.	understanding the importance of healthy food choices.
PSED Building Relationships	Plays in a group and can initiate play with others.	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form a positive attachment to an adult and friendships with peers. Demonstrate friendly behaviour towards others.	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own needs.	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.
PD Gross Motor	Move freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping	Fundamental skills  Dance Experiment with different ways of moving. Combine movements in dance with ease and fluency.	Gymnastics  Ball skills Show increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it. Travel with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment.	Games Athletics Negotiate space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles.	Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing,

			Jumps off an object and lands appropriately.		hopping, skipping and climbing.
PD	Show a preference	Use a pencil, in a	Use a pencil in the	Handle tools, objects,	Hold a pencil
PD Fine Motor	Show a preference for a dominant hand. Able to accurately copy a cross, circle, horizontal and vertical straight lines and square from prewriting shapes.	Use a pencil, in a finger grip, showing a preference for a dominant hand, effectively to form some recognisable letters. Handle tools, objects, construction and malleable materials safely and with increasing control. Use simple tools to effect changes to materials: *Paintbrush *Drawing media e.g. oil pastels, crayons *Glue spreader *Cello tape *Scissors Create simple representations of events, people and	Use a pencil in the modified tripod grip, effectively to form recognisable letters of the letters of the letters of the alphabet. Handle tools, objects, construction and malleable materials safely and with increasing control. Use simple tools to effect changes to materials: *Hole punch *Split pins Create simple representations of events, people and objects - A person with at least 8 features - body, head, arms, legs, eyes, mouth, nose, hair.	Handle tools, objects, construction and malleable materials safely and with increasing control. Use a pencil and holds it effectively in the tripod grip in almost all cases, to form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. Use simple tools to effect changes to materials: *Hole punch *Split pins Create simple representations of events, people and objects -A person with at least 8 features - body, head, arms, legs, eyes, mouth, nose,	Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing - using the tripod grip in almost all cases. Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery. Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.
		objects -Draw a face		hair	
Literacy	Listen with interest	Can answer simple	Demonstrate	Use vocabulary and	Demonstrate
Comprehension	and recall when being read to during small	retrieval questions about a text which	understanding when talking with others	forms of speech that are increasingly	understanding of what has been read to
	groups	has been read to them.	about what they have read.	influenced by their experiences of books.	them by retelling stories and narratives

Litanacy	Dacognicas own name	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play	using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Anticipate - where appropriate - key events in stories. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play. Say a sound for each
Literacy Word Reading	Recognises own name and other familiar signs such as logos. Group words with the same initial sounds Recognise rhyming words. Count or clap syllables in a word	Hears and says initial sounds in words Can orally blend. Can segment the sounds in simple VC and CVC words containing set 1 sounds and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them. Link sounds to letters, naming the letters of the alphabet. Continues a rhyming string.	Can segment the sounds in simple CVC, CCVC and CVCC words and blend them together within a phrase. Read phase 3 tricky words by sight.	Can segment the sounds in simple CVC, CCVC and CVCC words blend them together within a sentence. Read phase 4 tricky words by sight.	letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

		Read phase 2 tricky			
		words by sight.			
Literacy	Show a preference	Ascribe meaning to	Write independently	Sit correctly at a	Write recognisable
Writing	for a dominant hand.	marks.	during play.	table, holding pencil	letters, most of which
	Able to copy a cross,	Write own name.	Write CVC words	comfortably.	are correctly formed.
	circle, horizontal and	Use some clearly	(words containing both	Use phonic knowledge	Spell words by
	vertical straight lines	identifiable letters to	set 1 and 2 sounds).	to write words in way	identifying sounds in
	and square from	communicate meaning.	Write labels and	that matches spoken	them and
	prewriting shapes	Link sounds to	captions.	sounds. Simple	representing the
	accurately.	letters, naming the	modified tripod grip.	sentences which can	sounds with a letter
	Write some or all of	letters of the		be re-read	or letters.
	their name.	alphabet.		themselves.	Write simple phrases
	Write some letters	Write initial sounds		Write some common	and sentences that
	accurately.	of words.		irregular words.	can be read by
		Use finger grip.		Use tripod grip.	others.
Mathematics	Count accurately to 5.	Select the correct	Recognises numerals 1	Have a deep	Have a deep
Number	Show the correct	numeral to represent	to 10.	understanding of	understanding of
	number of objects to	1 to 5 objects.	Select the correct	number to 10,	number to 10,
	match a given number	Records using marks	numeral to represent 1	including the	including the
	up to 5.	or physical apparatus	to 10 objects.	composition of each	composition of each
	Counting 1:1	based on taught	Records using marks or	number.	number.
	correspondence up to	models.	physical apparatus	Subitise (recognise	Subitise (recognise
	5.	Counts objects to 5.	based on a taught	quantities without	quantities without
	Beginning to subitise	Count 5 objects from	model.	counting) up to 5.	counting) up to 5.
	to 3.	a larger group.	Counts objects to 10.	Automatically recall	Automatically recall
		Show the different	Counts 10 objects from	(without reference to	(without reference to
		ways of making	a larger group.	rhymes, counting or	rhymes, counting or
		numbers to 5	Show the different	other aids) number	other aids) number
		(Composition of each	ways of making numbers	bonds up to 5	bonds up to 5
		number).	to 10 (Composition of	(including subtraction	(including subtraction
		Can confidently	each number).	facts) and some	facts) and some
		subitise to 3.			

Mathematics Numerical Patterns	Know that numbers identify how many objects are in a set. Compare two groups using language 'more'	Compare quantities of two groups with identical objects  Count to 10 confidently. Use the language of 'greater than', 'less than' or 'equal to' to	Compare quantities of two groups with identical objects. Combine two groups to find the whole (numbers Count to 20 confidently. Use the language of 'greater than', 'less than' or 'equal to' to compare two sets of	number bonds to 10, including double facts  Count beyond 20 confidently. Use the language of 'greater than', 'less than' or 'equal to' to	number bonds to 10, including double facts  Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system.  Compare quantities up
	and 'fewer'. Compare objects by size/shape. Use and understand positional language 'in front, behind, on, under and in'. Extend and create an ABAB pattern.	compare two sets of objects to 5. Says the number that is one more and one less than a number to 5. Copy a complex pattern. Experiment with objects saying when they are heavy/light, full/empty, big/small.	objects to 10. Says the number that is one more and one less than a number to 10. Identify which numbers to 10 are odd and which are even. Complete a complex pattern. Compare objects saying when they are heavy/light, full/empty, big/small.	compare two sets of objects to 10.  Identify which numbers to 10 are odd and which are even. Solves problems including doubling, halving and sharing with numbers to 10.  Create a complex pattern.  Make predictions about objects saying when they are heavy/light, full/empty, big/small.	to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.
Understanding the World Past and Present	Talk about who is in their family and who is important to them.	Talk about the lives of those in their own families and their roles in society. Know some differences between things in the	Talk about the lives of other familiar people (their teacher, their local shop keeper, etc) around them and their roles in society.	Talks about the lives of the people in society (police, fireman, queen etc) and their roles.	Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. Know some similarities and

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		past and now, drawing	Know some similarities	Know some	differences between
		on their experiences	between things in the	similarities and	things in the past and
		and what has been	past and now, drawing	differences between	now, drawing on their
		read in class.	on their experiences	things in the past and	experiences and what
		Understand the past	and what has been read	now, drawing on their	has been read in
		through <b>characters</b>	in class.	experiences and what	class.
		encountered in books	Understand the past	has been read in	Understand the past
		read in class and	through <b>settings</b> and	class.	through settings,
		storytelling.	characters encountered	Understand the past	characters and events
			in books read in class	through settings,	encountered in books
			and storytelling	characters and	read in class and
				events encountered	storytelling.
				in books read in	
				class and	
				storytelling.	
Understanding the	Talks about their own	Describe their	Describe their	Describe their	Describe their
World	likes and dislikes.	immediate	immediate environment	immediate	immediate
People, Culture and	Talks about who they	environment using	using knowledge from	environment using	environment using
Communities	are and where they	knowledge from	observation, discussion	knowledge from	knowledge from
	live.	observation and	and stories.	observation,	observation,
		discussion.	Know some similarities	discussion, stories,	discussion, stories,
		Know some	between different	non-fiction texts	non-fiction texts and
		differences between	religious and cultural	and maps.	maps.
		different religious	communities in this	Know some	Know some
		and cultural	country, drawing on	similarities and	similarities and
		communities in this	their experiences and	differences between	differences between
		country, drawing on	what has been read in	different religious	different religious
		their experiences and	class.	and cultural	and cultural
		what has been read in	Explain some	communities in this	communities in this
		class.	similarities between	country, drawing on	country, drawing on
		Explain some	life in this country and	their experiences and	their experiences and
		differences between	life in other countries,		

		life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and - when appropriate - maps.	drawing on knowledge from stories, non- fiction texts and - when appropriate - maps	what has been read in class. Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and - when appropriate - maps.	what has been read in class. Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and - when appropriate - maps.
Understanding the World The Natural World	Talk about the things they can see in the natural world.	Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Know some differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Talk about processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.	Know some similarities between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Identify processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.	Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.	Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the

					seasons and changing
					states of matter.
Expressive Art &	Experiment with a	Drawing	Drawing	Drawing	Safely use and
Design	variety of resources	Create simple	Create simple	Create simple	explore a variety of
Creating with	and materials	representations of	representations of	representations of	materials, tools and
Materials	deciding what to use	events, people and	events, people and	events, people and	techniques,
	and make.	objects -Draw a face	objects -A person with	objects -Drawings	experimenting with
		Colour	at least 8 features -	with distinctive	colour, design,
		Name primary and	body, head, arms, legs,	features e.g. curtain	texture, form and
		chooses particular	eyes, mouth, nose, hair.	in a house, scales on a	function.
		colours to use for a	Colour	mermaid's tale.	Share their creations,
		purpose.	Name secondary colours	Colour	explaining the process
		Texture	and explores what	Experiment with light	they have used.
		Explore and	happens when they mix	and shade using	Make use of props
		experiment with	colours.	specific terminology-	and materials when
		different materials		light, shade, dark,	role playing
		to compare textures.	Texture	tone.	characters in
		Know the materials	Choose appropriate	Texture	narratives and
		that are	materials for a purpose.	Combine different	stories.
		soft/rough/shiny.	Form Hole punch and	materials on for a	
		Form	thread to combine	planned effect e.g.	
		Use glue and Cello	<b>Design</b> Plan with	create a picture using	
		tape/ masking tape to	reasoning.	feathers for a soft	
		combine materials.	Function	bed, lollipop sticks	
		Design	Adapt an existing	for the trees, tin foil	
		Say what they intend	model.	for a spaceship or	
		to create.		sand for the beach.	
		Function	Talk with others about	Form	
		Replicate an existing	their creation and what	Select the most	
		model.	they like about it.	appropriate joining	
			Adapt the intended	technique for the	
			purpose of an object to		

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		Share their creation	meet their role play	purpose of their	
		with others.	needs e.g. banana is a	model.	
		Use life like, available	phone.	Design	
		or modelled props to		Make a plan with an	
		support role play.		intended outcome.	
				Function	
				Create something for	
				a purpose	
				Explain their	
				creation.	
				Adapt and improve	
				what they have done.	
				Select props and	
				materials of their	
				choosing to enhance	
				role play.	
Expressive Art &	Remember and sing	Recount narratives	Adapt narratives and	Invent narratives and	Invent, adapt and
Design	their favourite	and stories with	stories with peers and	stories with peers	recount narratives
Being Imaginative	nursery rhyme or	peers and their	their teacher.	and their teacher.	and stories with
and Expressive	song.	teacher.	Perform songs, rhymes,	Perform songs,	peers and their
	-	Sing a range of well-	poems and stories with	rhymes, poems and	teacher.
		known nursery rhymes	others.	stories with others,	Sing a range of well-
		and songs.		and - when	known nursery rhymes
				appropriate try to	and songs.
				move in time with	Perform songs,
				music to express	rhymes, poems and
				their feelings.	stories with others,
					and - when
					appropriate try to
					move in time with
					music.